

Why is the study of *Humanities* important?

Both History and Geography are rooted in the study of the world around us in both the past, present and looking at the future. At such a critical time in history with the looming climate emergency and various upheavals taking place in countries around the globe it is essential that our pupils have the skill set to critically analyse information and deal with all the things coming their way.

Through both subjects in humanities pupils will look at not only the world around them but also look at themselves and reflect on how they are impacted, and can influence, the changes that we are facing.

You are a citizen in this world, and you need to know how to analyse a variety of sources of information, to be able to use data to identify key patterns. You also need to know about the various consequences of the decisions taken by the people of the past.

What skills will you gain from Humanities?

- interpret maps, diagrams, photographs and satellite images
- see patterns in our everyday lives and in the environments around us
- collect primary data through fieldwork and about what secondary data is relevant and reliable
- develop detailed written arguments that incorporate evidence
- use a variety of maths skills to help interpret geographical information and explain events and patterns
- recognise the strengths and weaknesses of data evaluate the usefulness of information
- Analyse issues and events
- Express your ideas both orally and in written form
- Put forward ideas and arguments in a concise manner
- Gather, investigate and assess materials
- Base conclusions on research and generate further ideas
- Organise material in a logical and coherent way
- Be independent

"Our curriculum will be structured so that no pupil is prevented from pursuing a course or programme based on their gender, ability, ethnicity, religion or sexual orientation. Pupils with disabilities or special educational needs will, as far as is possible, be provided with reasonable adjustments to enable them to access an ambitious and relevant curriculum."



What knowledge will you gain from the study of Humanities?

You will understand people and societies and how they are all interconnected alongside the environment as well as each other. You will also see how the basic physical systems that affect everyday life such as weather and climate and plate tectonics work and change.

You will understand how and why modern events and issues are happening through the study of the past, present and into the future. As well as the knowledge of people and places and the physical and human processes that have changed, and will continue to change, the world you will also have your morality tested. Both in Geography and History you will see how people have been put in difficult situations and begin to reflect on how we ourselves would have reacted and how we will be reacting to similar situations that are happening right now.



How does *humanities* help you in other subject areas?

Study of any subject in our curriculum takes full advantage of links with other subject areas- we term these as interdisciplinary links and we make the most of them because we know that deep learning requires the transference of knowledge and skills from one topic of learning to another. Once you can transfer your learning across topics and subject areas then you are really mastering what you know and how to apply your understanding and skills.

Geography has links with Maths including the use of graphical and statistical skills to analyse and interpret data so we can see patterns that we can explain. Geography shares the use interpretation of texts and the development of written skills with English, and with History, the use of sources and the interrogation of them to consider whether they are reliable and how best to use them to back up our arguments. Geography is the perfect subject to link together the 'arts' with the sciences. You will learn methods of thinking and research that are widely applicable to other subject areas which will help to develop your thinking in all subjects. 7

History touches on so many other subjects such as Geography and English Literature, any subject that analyses information, asks you to look at patterns and trends, requires you to construct a coherent and well-structured argument. You will learn methods of thinking and research that are widely applicable to other subject areas helping your thinking in all subjects.



What can you do to deepen your knowledge and skills of *humanities*

The humanities department offers lots of great opportunities for you to really engage with these fabulous subjects. Through our History department there is the chance to study Latin and the chance to gain a qualification in this. In Geography there is work that is done in partnership with WildEd and other charities in order to help encourage the school and the local community to be more environmentally conscious and our pupils have been at the centre of a drive to reduce plastic waste as a Plastic Pioneer school.

We also encourage pupils to take part in trips in both subjects to further enhance their knowledge and in Geography to carry out their own fieldwork at both Salford Quays and Crowden Valley.





How are you assessed in *Humanities?*

In Geography;

The course is linear in nature and all pupils will be assessed by means of three terminal exams. it These are;

Paper 1: Living with the physical environment - 1 hour 30 minutes with a total of 88 marks and contributes to 35% of the total course.

Paper 2: Challenges in the human environment 1 hour 30 minutes with a total of 88 marks and contributes to 35% of the total course.

Paper 3: Geographical applications - 1 hour 15 minutes with a total of 76 marks and contributes to 30% of the total course.

In History;

The four modules are,

- 1. Conflict and tension.1894-1918. This covers the build up to World War One and the war itself in some detail.
- 2. Germany 1890-1945. This looks at Germany over the period of the two world wars and the effects on democracy and the rise of Adolf Hitler. It is called Democracy and Dictatorship. These two modules make up one exam paper.
- 3. The third module is Britain: Power and the people. This looks at the roots and the development of our modern democracy starting back in Medieval times and going right up to the 1980's.
- 4. The Fourth is Elizabethan England 1568-1603. This looks at one period in detail and tries to understand the problems that Elizabeth had to deal with.

These modules will be assessed by means of two terminal exams at the end of year 11.

Paper 1: Understanding the modern world contributes to 50% of the total course and has a maximum of 84 marks.

Paper 2: Shaping the nation contributes to 50% of the total course and has a maximum of 84 marks.

How can *humanities* help you in your future?

The very fact that History and Geography develops such a wide range of transferable skills such as analysis, interpretation and the use of statistical techniques to explore a wide range of data will help your future application be they for colleges, universities, apprenticeships or employment

The study of either subject can be a springboard into a huge range of career choices because of the transferable skills you will develop. Students who study these are among the most employable people and according to the UKs higher education statistics, Geography and History graduates are among the least likely to be unemployed after their degree and fulfil a wide range of careers;

- financial services
- working in the environment, environmental law, environmental engineering
- travel and tourism
- international charities
- retail
- International relations
- Legal profession
- Journalism
- Archivist
- Writer
- Media
- Public sector administration
- Politics
- Business and commerce
- Museum curator
- Teaching







Humanities - Curriculum Maps

Key: ----- = half-term

History Year 7:

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Roman chronology.	Romulus and Remus	Roman empire and army.	Life in a Roman town.	Roman gods.	Boudicca.	The Roman emperors.	The fall of Rome.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	The dark ages.	Candidates for the throne in 1066.	Battle of Hastings.	Motte and Bailey castles.	Stone castles.	The harrying of the north.	How did William change England?	Henry II and Beckett.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	King John.	Magna Carta.	The Medieval church.	The Crusades.	Medieval towns.	The Black Death.	The Peasants Revolt.	The War of the Roses.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	The Princes in the tower.	The Battle of Bosworth.	How Henry VII kept power.	Henry VIII problems.	The Break with Rome.	Monasteries and lying priests.	The religious roller-coaster.	Edward VI.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Bloody Mary.	Elizabeth I and marriage.	The Armada.	Elizabethan portraits.	Tudor criminals.	Witchcraft.	The Gunpowder Plot.	

Geography Year 7:

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Introduction to the subject.	The Geography of the UK.	Population distribution.	The climate of the UK.	Tourism in the UK.	Immigration – why does it happen?	Immigration impacts.	Brexit.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Map skills – symbols.	Using grid references.	Combining map skills.	Using an atlas.	Key skills.	The Peak District.	The River Ganges.	What is a settlement?
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	How were settlements chosen?	Why is Manchester where it is?	Settlement function.	Urban living.	Sustainable living.	What is the water cycle?	The drainage basin and river features.	The long and cross profile.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	What is a flood plain?	Flooding – causes.	Flooding – impact on the UK.	What is weather and climate?	Climate zones.	UK climate differences.	What is a weather front?	Global warming.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Extreme weather in the UK.	Global tourism patterns.	Tourism in Kenya.	Tourism in Benidorm.	The Butler Model.	Working for tourism.	Paradise lost? Impact on Ko Phi Phi.	

History Year 8:

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Initial assessment.	Catholics and Protestants.	The Middle Way.	Elizabethan Portraits.	Causes of the Civil War.	Battles of the Civil War	Execution of Charles.	Cromwell – hero or villain?
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Britain in 1750.	Inventions of the Industrial Revolution.	Richard Arkwright.	Children in the factories.	The Slave Trade Triangle.	Life of a slave.	12 Years a slave.	Intro to 19 th C Britain.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	The Peterloo Massacre.	Voting reforms.	The Victorian Empire.	Suffragettes.	Women's Rights.	Who was the most successful Victorian?	The assassination of Franz Ferdinand.	The causes of war in 1914.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	Trench warfare.	Experiences of war.	Weapons of WWI.	Treaty of Versailles.	Why did people vote for Hitler?	Youth and education in Nazi Germany.	Women in Nazi Germany.	Life in Nazi Germany.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Nazi social policies.	Introduction to The Holocaust.	Concentration camps.	How accurate was Schindler's List?	How did warfare change in WWII?	The miracle at Dunkirk.	How did the war change Britain?	

Geography Year 8:

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Initial assessment.	Tourism in Thailand.	Kayan villagers.	The One Child Policy.	Internal migration in Brazil.	Deforestation in the Amazon.	What is life like in India?	Slummin' it.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Extreme environments.	Climate zones and biomes.	Living in a desert.	Animal adaptations.	Opportunities and challenges.	Desertification.	Desert case studies.	The population explosion.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	The effects of population change.	The demographic transition model.	Population pyramids.	Migration into the EU.	Risking it all.	Introduction to African Geography.	The Nile Delta.	Diversity across Africa.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	Manufacturing in Nigeria.	Life in Kibera.	African cultures.	The Geography of conflict.	The conflict in Sudan.	Blood diamonds.	Modern Piracy.	The Iraq conflict.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Conflict over water.	Urban deprivation.	Crime and deprivation.	Inequality in the UK.	Riots.	The drug trade.	Keeping the city moving.	

History Year 9:

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Introduction to the course.	Je Suis Le Roi	King John and the Magna Carta	Peasants Revolt	GB freedoms.	Oliver Cromwell	Glorious Revolution	Peterloo.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Great Reform Act.	Chartism.	Abolitionists.	Growth of trade unions.	The General Strike.	Votes for Women.	Women at war.	The Brixton Riots.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	Leicester 2011	Assessments.	The court of Elizabeth I	Elizabeth I and marriage.	The Northern Rebellion.	Mary Queen of Scots.	Religious Persecution.	Elizabethan Theatre.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	The Poor Laws.	Elizabethan voyages.	The war with Spain.	Elizabethan Golden Age.	Historic Environment Study.	Historic Environment Study.	Historic Environment Study.	Assessments.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Power and the People.	Elizabethan England government.	Power and the People – early modern history.	Life in Elizabethan England.	Power and the People – 18 th century.	Elizabethan England – society.	Power and the People 19 th century	

Geography Year 9:

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Natural hazards.	Plate tectonic theory.	Plate boundaries.	Earthquakes – Chile and Nepal.	Volcanic eruptions.	Managing earthquakes.	Managing volcanoes.	Living near volcanoes.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Global atmospheric circulation.	Typhoon Haiyan.	Reducing the damage of tropical storms.	UK weather hazards.	Causes of climate change.	Mitigating climate changes effects.	An inconvenient truth.	Ecosystem and food chains.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	Characteristics of the Tropical Rainforest.	Deforestation in Malaysia.	Adaptions in extreme environments.	Development in the Thar Desert.	Desertification.	Wave formation and types.	Coastal erosion and weathering.	Coastal transportation.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	Coastal Deposition landforms.	Hard and soft engineering.	Managed retreat.	Fluvial processes.	Long and cross profile.	River processes.	Map skills and rivers.	River features.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Causes of flooding.	Hydrographs.	Managing floods – hard engineering.	Managing floods – soft engineering.	Revision techniques.	Mock exam papers.	Reflections.	

History Year 10

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Economic failure.	The poor laws.	Change and continuity.	Historical Environment study.	Alliance system.	Balkans and Moroccan crisis.	Anglo – German relationship.	Assassination of Franz Ferdinand.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Schlieffen Plan.	Trench warfare.	Weapons of WWII.	Verdun.	The Somme.	Jutland and the war at sea.	The Russian Revolution.	The 100 days.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	Foch and Haig.	Conflict and tension.	German political system.	Navy Laws.	The Ruhr Valley.	The Weimar Constitution.	The Munich Putsch.	The Wall Street Crash.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	The Reichstag Fire	The Night of the Long Knives.	Propaganda.	Nazi women.	Nazi economy.	Anti-Semitism.	The Final Solution.	Impact of WWII on Germany.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Democracy and Dictatorship – The Kaiser.	Conflict and tension – WWI.	Democracy and Dictatorship – Weimar.	Assessments.	Assessments.	Power and the People – Medieval.	Elizabethan England – government.	

Geography Year 10

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	River profile and processes	River features.	Causes of flooding.	Hydrographs.	Managing river flooding.	Global change and megacities.	Rural to urban migration.	Location and importance of Rio.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Opportunities in Rio.	Challenges in Rio.	Life in the Favela.	How can the favela be improved?	Rochina and the Favela Bairro Project.	Urban change in the UK.	Challenges and solutions in Bristol.	Social inequality.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	The Temple Quarter Regeneration.	Urban sustainability.	Freiburg – a sustainable city?	Before the Flood.	The development gap.	The causes of the uneven development.	Closing the development gap.	Tourism as a method.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	Nigeria – location and importance.	Nigeria – context and history.	Manufacturing and TNCs.	Foreign aid in Nigeria.	The UK economy.	The post industrial society.	Science and business parks.	Environmental impacts of industry.
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35	Week 36	Week 37	Week 38	Week 39	
Topics	Changes in the rural environment.	Transport infrastructure.	HS2.	UK in the wider world.	Revision techniques.	Mock exam papers.	Reflections.	

History Year 11

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Initial assessment.	Personalised PLC production.	Police and control in Nazi Germany.	Women and the church in Nazi Germany.	Race in Nazi Germany.	Kristallnacht.	Ghettos.	Impact of WWII.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Power and the people: Medieval.	Elizabethan Government.	Conflict and tension: The Kaiser.	Democracy and dictatorship.	Exam practice/skills	Exam practice/skills.	Exam practice and skills.	Power and the people: Early Modern.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	Life in Elizabethan England.	Conflict and tension: WWI causes.	Democracy and Dictatorship: Weimar.	Power and the people: 18 th C.	Elizabethan England: Home and abroad.	Trench warfare.	Democracy and dictatorship: Early Nazis.	Power and the People 19 th C.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	Elizabethan England Historic Environment	Conflict and tension: 1918	Democracy and Dictatorship: Nazis.	Power and the People: 20 th C	Elizabethan England Historic Environment	Democracy and dictatorship: Holocaust.	EXAMS	EXAMS
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35					
Topics	EXAMS	EXAMS	EXAMS					

Geography Year 11

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8
Topics	Initial assessment.	UK transport infrastructure.	Resource management.	Food management in the UK.	Changing energy supplies.	Water management.	Lesotho Water Management.	Small scale water management.
	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15	Week 16
Topics	Paper 3 – map skills.	Paper 3 – data skills.	Tectonic hazards.	Climate change.	Ecosystems.	Tropical Rainforests – Malaysia.	Deserts – The Thar.	Waves and coastal erosion.
	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Topics	Coastal management.	Floods and flood management.	Rio challenges and opportunities.	Bristol – regeneration.	Sustainable living.	Global development.	Nigeria development.	The UK economy.
	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28	Week 29	Week 30	Week 31	Week 32
Topics	Resource management.	Pre release material and DME	Pre release material and DME.	Paper 1 revision	Paper 2 revision	Paper 3 revision	EXAMS	EXAMS
	Week 33	Week 34	Week 35					
Topics	EXAMS	EXAMS	EXAMS					



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